1 Find the lowest common multiple (LCM) of 20 and 35

(Total for Question 1 is 2 marks)

2 Write 880 as a product of powers of its prime factors. Show your working clearly.

(Total for Question 2 is 3 marks)

3
$$A = 2 \times 3^{43}$$

 $B = 16 \times 3^{37}$

(a) Find the highest common factor (HCF) of A and B.

(1)

(b) Express the number $A \times B$ as a product of powers of its prime factors. Give your answer in its simplest form.

(2)

(Total for Question 3 is 3 marks)

4 (a) Write down all the factors of 9	
	(1)
(b) Find the lowest common multiple (LCM) of 15 and 70	(1)

(2) (Total for Question 4 is 3 marks)

(Total for Question 5 is 1 marks)

7	(a) Find the highest common factor (HCF) of 28 and 70	
		(2)
	(b) Find the lowest common multiple (LCM) of 28 and 105	(-)
		 (2)

(Total for Question 7 is 4 marks)

8

8 9 17	35	48	80
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From the numbers in the box, write down

(a) a factor of 40

(1)
(b) a multiple of 7

(1)

(c) a prime number

(1)

(d) a square number

(1)

(e) the two numbers with a difference of 31

and(1)

(Total for Question 8 is 5 marks)

9 Write 600 as a product of powers of its prime factors. Show your working clearly.

(Total for Question 9 is 3 marks)

10	$A = 2^8 \times 3^5$	$v 11^4$	$\mathbf{p} = 2^6 \times$	2×11^{8}
10	$A = 2^{\circ} \times 3^{\circ}$	\times II I	$\mathbf{S} = \mathbf{J}^{*} \times \mathbf{I}$	3 X 11

(a) Find the highest common factor (HCF) of A and B.

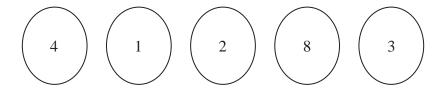
- (2)
- (b) Find the lowest common multiple (LCM) of 2A and 3B. Give the LCM as a product of powers of its prime factors.

(2)

(Total for Question 10 is 4 marks)

11 Here are five discs.

Each disc has a number on it.



(c) Which of the five numbers on the discs are factors of 21?

(2)

(d) Which of the five numbers on the discs are prime numbers?

(2)

(Total for Question 11 is 4 marks)

12 Here is a list of numbers in a box.

6 8 17 36 44 76 91	
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From the numbers in the list, write down

(a) a multiple of 11

(1)

(b) a factor of 30

(1)

(c) a square number

(1)

(d) a prime number

(1)

(e) two numbers whose sum is 84

and

(1)

(Total for Question 12 is 5 marks)

13
$$A = 2^{3} \times 3^{2} \times 5^{2} \times 11$$
$$B = 2^{4} \times 3 \times 5^{4} \times 13$$

Find the lowest common multiple (LCM) of A and B. Give your answer as a product of powers of prime numbers.

(Total for Question 13 is 2 marks)

14	Here is a list of sev	en num	bers.						
		5	16	23	27	50	160	240	
(a) From the numbers	s in the	list, w	rite dov	vn				
	(i) a cube numbe	r							
									(1)
	(ii) a factor of 80								
									(1)
7	Two numbers in the li	ist are p	rime n	umbers	S.				
(b) Work out the sum	of thes	e two j	prime n	numbers.				
									(2)
							(Total	for Ones	stion 14 is 4 marks)
							(10111	101 Que	value i all f midi mil

15 Write 1200 as a product of powers of its prime factors. Show your working clearly. (Total for Question 15 is 3 marks)

16	Here	is	a	list	of	numbers

3 6 7 8 11 25 27

- (a) From the numbers in the list, write down
 - (i) an even number

(1)

(ii) a multiple of 9

(1)

(iii) a square number

(1)

(iv) a prime number

(1)

(b) Use brackets to make the statement correct.

You may use more than one pair of brackets in the statement.

$$2^2 + 5 \times 2 + 3^2 = 99$$

(1)

(Total for Question 16 is 5 marks)

(a) Find the highest common factor (HCF) of 56 and 84 Show your working clearly.	
(b) Find the lowest common multiple (LCM) of 60 and 72	(2)
Show your working clearly.	
	(2)
(Total for Ques	tion 17 is 4 marks)

18 (a) Work out the lowest common multiple (LCM) of 36 and 120

(2)

$$A = 5^2 \times 7^4 \times 11^p$$

$$B = 5^m \times 7^{n-5} \times 11$$

m, n and p are integers such that

m > 2

n > 10

p > 1

(b) Find the highest common factor (HCF) of *A* and *B* Give your answer as a product of powers of its prime factors.

(2)

(Total for Question 18 is 4 marks)

19 Find the lowest common multiple (LCM) of 28, 42 and 63 Show your working clearly.

(Total for Question 19 is 3 marks)

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(2)

(Total for Question 20 is 3 marks)

Primes, Factors and Multiples (F) - Numbers

21 (a) Find the highest common factor (HCF) of 200 and 420

(2)

$$A = 23 \times 3 \times 5 \times 72$$

$$B = 2 \times 32 \times 7$$

$$C = 3 \times 52 \times 11$$

(b) Find the lowest common multiple (LCM) of *A*, *B* and *C* Write your answer as a product of powers of prime factors.

(2)

(Total for Question 21 is 4 marks)

22 (b) Find the highest common factor (HCF) of 130 and 208 Show your working clearly.

(2)

(Total for Question 22 is 2 marks)

(b) Find the cube root of 79 507	(1)
(c) Work out the value of $4^2 \times 5^3$	(1)
	(Total for Question 23 is 4 marks)

24 Write 2250 as a product of powers of its prime factors. Show your working clearly.

(Total for Question 24 is 3 marks)

25 Sandeep wants to buy some packets of pens and some boxes of pencils for his stationery shop.

Each packet of pens contains 9 pens. Each box of pencils contains 12 pencils.

Each packet of pens costs £7.60 Each box of pencils costs £4.80

Sandeep can only buy full packets of pens and full boxes of pencils. He wants to buy exactly the same number of pens as pencils.

Work out the minimum amount Sandeep needs to pay.

£.....

(Total for Question 25 is 4 marks)

26 (a) Write 300 as a product of its prime factors. Show your working clearly.

(2)

$$A = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5$$

$$B = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5$$

(b) Find the lowest common multiple (LCM) of 5A and 7B Show your working clearly.

(2)